PART 4

RESPONSIBILITY FOR FUNCTIONS

Delegated to Officers Acquiring, managing and disposing of land a buildings Decisions by individual members Decisions to be taken only by Full Council Table 1 Functions which cannot be exercised by the Cabinet Table 2 Functions where the Council has a choice of exercising them through either the Cabinet or the Council and the person or body to whom, if any, the function has been delegated Table 3 Functions not to be the sole responsibility of the Cabinet Table 4A The Membership and Terms of Reference of the Highways Committee of the Cabinet Table 4B The Membership and Terms of Reference of the Barham Park Trust Committee of the Cabinet		Powers Delegated to Officers				
Decisions by individual members Decisions to be taken only by Full Council Table 1 Functions which cannot be exercised by the Cabinet Table 2 Functions where the Council has a choice of exercising them through either the Cabinet or the Council and the person or body to whom, if any, the function has been delegated Table 3 Functions not to be the sole responsibility of the Cabinet Table 4A The Membership and Terms of Reference of the Highways Committee of the Cabinet Table 4B The Membership and Terms of Reference of the Barham Park Trust Committee of the Cabinet Table 5 Proper and Statutory Officer		Exemptions Restrictions and Limitations on Power Delegated to Officers				
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Reference of the Highways Committee of the Cabinet Table 4B The Membership and Terms of Reference of the Barham Park Trust Committee of the Cabinet Table 5 Proper and Statutory Officer	Tab	le 3	Functions not to be the sole responsibility of the Cabinet			
Reference of the Barham Park Trust Committee of the Cabinet Table 5 Proper and Statutory Officer	Tab	le 4A	Reference of the Highways Committee			
·	Tab	le 4B	Reference of the Barham Park Trust			
I IOVISIONS	Tab	le 5	Proper and Statutory Officer Provisions			

Table 6	List of functions that may only exercised by Full Council	be

RESPONSIBILITY FOR FUNCTIONS

1. General

- 1.1 The Authority's functions may lawfully be exercised by:-
 - Full Council
 - The Leader
 - The Cabinet
 - Individual members of the Cabinet
 - Committees and sub committees of the Council or the Cabinet
 - Joint committees
 - Officers

Other persons so authorised where the law permits.

A description of the decision making structure and the management structure of the Council and the Service Areas within which various functions are generally dealt with is included in Part 1 of this Constitution.

- 1.2 This Council operates a Leader and Cabinet executive Model. The Leader and Councillors appointed to the Cabinet are collectively referred to as the Cabinet-. The Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 give effect to section 9D of the Local Government Act 2000 by specifying which functions are not to be the responsibility of the Cabinet-, which functions may (but need not) be the responsibility of the Cabinet ('Local Choice Functions') and which functions are to some extent the responsibility of the Cabinet. All other functions not so specified are to be the responsibility of the Cabinet. These Regulations have been amended from time to time and those amendments are reflected in this Constitution. This Part of the Constitution and the Tables set out below describe whether the various functions of the Council are 'Council functions' or Cabinet' functions' and whetherthose functions have been delegated by the Council in the case of Council functions, to a committee, sub-committee, joint committee, officer or other person, or delegated by the Leader in the case of executive functions in accordance with 1.3 below.
- -The Leader may exercise the executive functions or may delegate those functions 1.3 to the Cabinet, a committee of the Cabinet or a Joint Committee, another local authority, an individual member of the Cabinet or officers. The allocation of executive functions and delegations by the Leader are set out in Part 4 and elsewhere in this Constitution.
- 1.4 The Leader delegates to the Cabinet all executive functions except those which he/she has delegated to the Highways Committee, or officers as set out in this Constitution. If the Leader makes any changes to the allocation of functions and delegations he/she shall either:
 - (i) Report the change to the Council or;
 - (ii) Notify the Chief Legal Officer in writing of the change

And no change shall be effective until either (i) or (ii) has been complied with. The Chief Legal Officer shall as soon as practicable report any change notified to him/her to Full Council.

- 1.5 Table 1 sets out the functions, listed in Schedule 1 to the Regulations (as amended), which cannot be the responsibility of the Cabinet and specifies which part of the Authority will be responsible for them. It also specifies to whom, if anyone, those functions have been delegated. For instance, in the case of development control, all functions are delegated to the Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth and/or the Head of Planning except those which are specified as being the responsibility of the Planning Committee.
- 1.6 Similarly. Table 2 sets out the Local Choice Functions which may or may not be Cabinet responsibilities and specifies which part of the Authority will be responsible for them. It also specifies to whom, if anyone, those functions have been delegated by the Council in the case or Council functions, or the Leader in the case of executive functions. For instance, functions under local Acts of Parliament are included here and so may lawfully be exercised either by the Council or Cabinet. Table 2 specifies whether, in Brent, they will be Cabinet or Council functions.
- 1.7 Table 3 sets out the functions which are not solely executive responsibilities. So far as those functions are to be executive functions, the Leader has agreed to arrange for these functions to be carried out by the Cabinet. The Table describes the plans, policies and strategies, which form the Authority's Policy Framework and specifies what role the Cabinet will play in relation to those plans, policies and strategies. Essentially, the Cabinet will develop and consult on the plans, policies and strategies listed and will then refer them to Full Council for consideration and approval. If approved, the Cabinet will then be responsible for ensuring they are implemented.
- 1.8 Table 4A sets out the functions to be exercised by the Highways Committee which is a sub-committee of the Cabinet appointed by the Leader. Table 4B sets out the functions to be exercised by the Barham Park Trust Committee which is a subcommittee appointed by the Cabinet.
- 1.9 Part 5 of the Constitution describes the membership and terms of reference for the Council committees and sub-committees. These are:-
 - Health and Wellbeing Board •
 - **Standards Committee**
 - **Audit Committee**
 - Corporate Parenting Committee
 - **Scrutiny Committee**
 - **General Purposes Committee**
 - Pension Fund Sub-Committee
 - Senior Staff Appointments Sub-Committee
 - Staff Appeals Sub-Committees A and B
 - Planning Committee
 - Alcohol and Entertainment Licensing Committee
 - Alcohol and Entertainment Licensing Sub-Committees A, B and C
 - **Equalities Committee**
 - Dismissal Advisory Committee
- 1.10 In addition to the powers described in the Tables as being specifically delegated to officers, any other Council and executive functions are delegated to officers in accordance with paragraph 2, 'Powers Delegated to Officers'.
- Table 5 sets out the 'proper officers' designated for the purposes of certain 1.11 statutory provisions. Any reference in any Act or any part of this Constitution to 'the

proper officer' will be a reference to the person so specified in the Table but if none is specified, the Chief Executive or a person nominated by him or her for the purpose will be identified. Any other function not otherwise specified in the Tables or elsewhere in this Constitution is the responsibility of the Cabinet, unless specifically precluded by law from so being, in which case it shall be the responsibility of the General Purposes Committee (unless specifically reserved to Full Council in which case it shall be exercised by Full Council).

- All functions shall be exercised in accordance with this Constitution including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Standing Orders and Financial Regulations and this Part 4 and Part 5.
- 1.13 In exercising any function or making any decision, the decision making body or person shall take into account all relevant considerations and ignore all irrelevant considerations and shall comply with the Access to Information Rules.
- 1.14 A number of joint committees have been established with other London Boroughs under the umbrella of the London Councils. The London Councils' Committee and the Transport and Environment Committee exercise executive and non-executive functions. The terms of reference and make up of these committees and the subcommittee are described in Part 5.

2. **Powers Delegated to Officers**

- 2.1 Those officers named in the Tables or elsewhere in the Constitution have delegated to them the powers specified therein but subject to the limitations specified therein. For the avoidance of doubt, this includes an officer appointed to a named post on an acting interim or temporary basis.
- 2.2 References in this Part 4 to a 'director' or 'relevant director' are references to one or more of the officers specified in paragraph 2.4 below.
- 2.3 The Chief Executive may exercise any functions delegated to other officers and may delegate decisions or functions to one or more officers in any of the Council's departments unless expressly prohibited by law from doing so.
- 2.3.1 The Chief Executive shall also have the authority to carry out all executive functions in the interim in the event of there being no Leader, or Deputy Leader appointed and insufficient members of the Cabinet appointed to achieve a guorum.
- 2.3.2 Exceptionally, notwithstanding anything in this Constitution, the Chief Executive shall be authorised to exercise either executive or non-executive functions where the matter is urgent unless this is prohibited by law.
- 2.3.3 If the Chief Executive acts in the circumstances set out in paragraphs 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 above, the Chief Executive shall notify, as appropriate, the Leader or Deputy Leader of the Council, the Lead Member with portfolio responsibility for the matter to which the decision relates and the Leader of the Principal Opposition Group of any such action.
- 2.4 The Chief Executive, Chief Operating Officer and Strategic Directors listed below shall have responsibility for the following general and related areas:-
 - **Chief Executive:** (a)

Head of Paid Service. Managerial leadership of the Council including responsibility for overall corporate management and operational responsibility for all staff. Providing and securing of advice to the Council, and councillors, on strategy and policy. Acting in an executive capacity by making decisions or ensuring a system is in place for other officers to make decisions, as authorised by the Council. Delivering probity, value for money and continuous improvement.

(b) **Chief Operating Officer:**

Management of policy, performance, scrutiny, partnership, community engagement, communications, complaints, human resources, equalities, business support, legal services, procurement, electoral—, committee, member and Mayoral services, Freedom of Information, finance, audit and investigation, IT, public health, highways, transport strategy, Brent Transportation Services, transportation, refuse and street cleansing, parking-, parks and open spaces, cemeteries, accident prevention, emergency planning and business continuity, waste management and recycling, street lighting, environment, CCTV monitoring, sport and leisure, leisure centres, arts, libraries, museums, and archives, community safety, nationality service, Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages, customer services, revenue and benefits.

Strategic Director Adults: (c)

Statutory Director of Adult Social Services, health, adult physical disability, learning disability, mental health services, services to older people, safequarding adults, emergency duty team, asylum in so far as it is not a housing matter, safeguarding responsibilities, adult social care complaints, and any other function listed in Schedule 1 of the Local Authority Social Services Act 1970 not delegated to the Strategic Director Children and Young People.

(d) Strategic Director Children and Young People:

Statutory Director of Children's Services, school improvement service. outdoor education, pupil referral units, education tuition service, parent partnership service, exclusion teams, education welfare service, behaviour support, SEN assessment service, education psychology, youth and connexions, family support, education, and schools organisation, child protection, adoption, fostering, placements, children with disabilities and all functions of the Local Authority not reserved to members including but not limited to early years education and school places, education and training provision for young people.

Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth: (e)

Regeneration, urban renewal, economic development, building new education facilities, statutory land use, planning, development and building control, land charges, street naming and numbering, housing regeneration, affordable housing development, corporate property, facilities and premises management,. All permanent and temporary housing, including temporary accommodation for asylum seekers, right to buy management, private sector housing services, liaison and transactions with Housing Associations, homelessness and housing strategy, housing management, community education, environmental health, licensing, street trading, trading

standards, mortuary, health & safety, contaminated land, pollution control, food safety and pest control.

2.5 In addition to those powers specified in the Tables and elsewhere in this Constitution, the officers specified above have delegated to them by the Council or the Leader, or Cabinet (as the case may be) all and any of the powers of the Council and the executive as may be necessary or desirable to enable them to effectively manage and operate their service area or unit or to carry out the roles and responsibilities required of them from time to time (not necessarily restricted to those roles and responsibilities specified above). These powers are subject to the exemptions, restrictions and limitations specified in paragraph 3 below or elsewhere in this Constitution. These powers include (but are not limited to) the powers set out in the following table which are also, subject to any exemption, restriction or limitation specified in respect of them in that table:-

Power	Exception, restriction or limitation
to exercise all functions that may from time to time fall within the scope of their professional and operational responsibility.	
2. to manage, within the approved cash limits, the budget allocated to the functions for which the officer has responsibility and to make virements or transfers as necessary.	(a) no action may be taken which would result in growth, which cannot be contained in future years budgets or which would affect a budget which is not under the officer's direct control.
	(b) no virements or transfers may be made other than in accordance with the Scheme of Transfers and Virements agreed by Full Council.
	(c) no internal trading arrangements shall be established without the approval of the Chief Finance Officer.
3(a) to invite expressions of interest,	Provided that:
agree shortlists, invite tenders, negotiate, award, enter into and terminate contracts, agreements, deeds or other transactions; to purchase supplies and services; to appoint external consultants; to make minor or consequential changes to any of the documents mentioned above which were previously agreed by the Executive or the Council or their committees or sub-committees.	(a) In the case of a contract, agreement, deed or transaction where the Council would be in receipt of works, services or supplies (other than the supply of energy through the Local Authority Energy Buying Group administered by Kent County Council ("Laser")) if the value of the contract, agreement, deed, transaction, supply, service, work or consultancy would or would be likely or is

- estimated at the commencement of any procurement process to exceed £250k in respect of services or supplies or £500k in respect of works, such value to be aggregated over the life of the contract (including any possible extension) then:-
- (i) no expressions of interest shall be invited without the prior approval of the Cabinet (or in the appropriate cases the General Purposes Committee);
- (ii) no contract, agreement, deed or transaction shall be awarded, entered into or terminated without the prior approval of the Cabinet (or in appropriate cases the General Purposes Committee); and
- (iii) shortlists may only be drawn up and tenders may only be evaluated in accordance with the basis of the evaluation criteria approved by the Cabinet (or in appropriate cases the General Purposes Committee) in accordance with Standing Orders 88(b) and 89(vi).
- (b) _—in the case of an agreement where the Council is a service provider to another organisation, the contract value or cost to the Council in providing the service is less than £150,000 per year; otherwise Cabinet approval must be sought in accordance with Standing Order 87(c).
- (c) In the case of a contract or agreement that does not fall within (a) or (b) above, such as a funding or settlement agreement, the total value passing from the Council to another organisation does not exceed £250,000.
- (d) the award of contract or approval of the agreement would not place

Council the in breach of European procurement legislation. (e) there is sufficient budgetary provision (f) admission agreements in respect of the pension fund may only be agreed by the Chief Finance Officer and in accordance with criteria adopted by the General Purposes Committee or the Pension Fund Sub-Committee. (g) contracts in respect of the supply of energy through LASER may only be awarded by the Chief Finance Officer (a) provided that the extension, 3(b) to extend, vary, renegotiate, variation, renegotiation, novation novate or assign contracts, or assignment would not be in agreements, deeds or other transactions. breach of the European Procurement Legislation. (b) provided that the extension, variation, renegotiation, novation assignment does not substantially alter the terms and conditions of the contract. (c) provided that there is sufficient existing budgetary provision. (d) if the extension goes beyond the period of extension provided for in the contract (if any) or is otherwise not in accordance with the extension provisions in the contract: (i) in the case of any contract, agreement, deed or other transaction with a life of not more than one year (including any possible extension provided for in the contract) the extension shall not exceed a period of six months: or (ii) in the case of any contract, agreement, deed or other transaction with a life of more than one year (including any

possible extension provided for in the contract) the extension shall not exceed a period of one year. (e) provided that in the case of any variation (other than extension): (i) the total value of the variation is less than £250k; and (ii) if the total value of the variation is more than £50k it is not more than 20% of the original contract value (calculated over the life of the contract including any extensions or possible extensions and adjusted in accordance with any price review mechanism provided for in the contract). (f) provided that in the case of any novation or assignment that the relevant Director is satisfied that the contractor to which the contract, agreement, deed or other transaction is to be novated or assigned meets the Council's requirements for financial standing, health and safety standards technical and expertise. 4. to acquire and manage land and (a) subject to the rules set out in buildings and to grant easements, paragraph 4 below. licences or leases for land and buildings required or used for the purposes of their service area or corporate unit. 45.to establish or re-organise the (a) subject to the Standing Orders staffing structure of their service relating to staff. area or corporate unit and to (b) the Chief Finance Officer shall be appoint, discipline and dismiss staff. notified of any potential redundancy situation as soon as it becomes apparent and: no award of compensatory added years on the grounds of redundancy; and

(j) no severance payment on the grounds of redundancy that exceeds the amount normally payable under the Council's severance scheme shall be made or agreed to be made without the prior written approval of the Chief Finance Officer. (c) the Chief Finance Officer shall be notified of all proposals that a person be retired early on grounds of ill health as soon as the possibility of such retirement becomes apparent. (d) no severance payment and no award of compensatory added the grounds vears on termination of employment in the interests of the efficient exercise of the Council's functions shall be made or agreed to be made except with the prior written approval of the Chief Finance Officer 56.on the approval of the Chief Legal Officer to institute, defend or settle any actual or contemplated legal or formal proceedings on behalf of the Council and to appear by counsel or in person or to authorise an officer to so appear in any proceedings and to verify a document by signing a Statement of Truth under the Civil Procedure Rules on behalf of the Council. 67. to obtain any necessary consent, authority, registration, licence. certificate, deed, notice, order or other similar document that the Council may require. 78.to register, issue, grant, or refuse except where this is permissions, consents, approvals, responsibility of a committee or licences (not being occupational sub-committee. This exception does not apply to the making of licences). notices. certificates. minor or consequential changes orders or similar documents which the Council is authorised or any permission, consent, approval, required to register, issue, grant, licence. notice. give, make or refuse by or under order or certificate. similar any enactment and to impose any document which were previously

conditions limitations or exceptions as they may consider appropriate.	authorised by the Cabinet or the Council or their committees or sub-committees or any conditions, limitations or exceptions imposed or to be imposed.
89.to exercise discretion in writing off or remitting in whole or in part debts due to the Council.	 (a) all reasonable steps to recover the debt(s) have been taken. (b) no sums exceeding £1,000 shall be written off without the written approval of the Chief Finance Officer. (c) all such debts written off shall be notified to the Chief Finance Officer.
	(d) the Chief Finance Officer has not required the matter to be referred to him or her for consideration.
940. to make grants or give other financial or other assistance to organisations.	(a) Provided that if the grant or other financial assistance involves the grant of funds from Council's own resources
	(i) the relevant Director is satisfied that no adverse capital finance or other negative implications would arise, unless written consent of the Chief Finance Officer is obtained.
	(ii) no grant shall be made by officers if it amounts to more than £5k per annum expect in the case of the Edward Harvist Trust where a grant not exceeding £7k per annum may be made.
	(iii) no grant shall be withdrawn or reduced by officers if the receiving body has received a grant from the Council for each of the last five years for the same purpose unless such withdrawal is due to the fact that the body no longer meets the relevant grant criteria or conditions of grant.
	(iv) the grant criteria has been approved by the Cabinet other appropriate body or person with appropriate authority.

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	 (v) no grant shall be made by officers from the council 'Main Programme Grant' or the 'Development Fund' except with the prior approval of theCabinet. (b) Provided that where the grant or other financial assistance involves the distribution of funds received from a third party the grant or other financial assistance complies with the conditions under which the funds have been received by the Council.
140. to create and/or register legal charges in respect of debts owed to the Council.	
1 <u>1</u> 2. to act as a receiver.	
123. to authorise or nominate other officers to act on their behalf in exercising any of their functions.	 (a) this may not be exercised other than by the officers listed in paragraph 2.4 above. (b)authorisations and nominations are subject to any limitations or provisos that the officers listed in paragraph 2.4 above may consider appropriate. (c) the names of the persons authorised or nominated shall be specified in a list maintained by the relevant officer listed in paragraph 2.4 above for that purpose and notified to the Chief Legal Officer
134. to appoint a person to be the statutory 'proper officer' for any functions falling within their designated area of responsibility and which are required to be undertaken by a proper officer. The designations specified in the Tables shall be deemed to have been amended accordingly.	(a) the name of the person appointed to a 'proper officer' position shall be specified in a list maintained by the appointing officer for that purpose and notified to the_Chief Legal Officer.
145. to take up posts on outside bodies or companies and appoint other staff to outside bodies or companies.	(a) only where it is related to their area of work.(b) the prior advice of the Chief Legal Officer should be obtained.
1 <u>5</u> 6. to act as an authorised signatory	
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for the Council.	
167. to hear or determine appeals on matters which are within their area of responsibility or any other area if requested to do so by the Chief Executive.	(a) provided they were not the person who made the decision, the subject of the appeal.
178. to carry out works for, or to provide services or supplies to, or to exercise functions on behalf of other local authorities or bodies.	(a) where permitted by law.(b) subject to compliance with Contract Standing Orders and Financial Regulations.
198. to determine whether any application received in relation to any matter is valid according to the rules or procedures governing such applications including for the avoidance of doubt, any application for planning permission or similar and to determine whether any other document report assessment (including an Environmental Impact Assessment) or other information is required to be provided or carried out prior to validation or determination of that application.	
1920. to determine any other minor issue, or make any minor modification or variation relating to a matter previously determined by the Cabinet or the Council or their committees or subcommittees e.g. minor amendments to conditions on planning permissions which Planning Committee have resolved to grant or minor amendments to terms and conditions of employment previously agreed by the General Purposes Committee.	
20. tTorespond to consultation papersfrom other bodies or local authorities.	

- The following officers have delegated to them the following powers in relation to all of the Council's services and areas of responsibility:-2.6
 - **Chief Finance Officer** (a)

To undertake the S151 statutory role, To be responsible for providing financial advice to Members and officers in their respective roles in order to further effective decision making by the Council, and to be the professional lead for the finance function of the Authority. To operate and advise on an effective system of internal control for the Authority, including the provision of an effective internal audit service and an overall framework for insurance and risk management. To be responsible for advising on the investment strategy for the Council's treasury and pensions assets and to manage these accordingly. Power to incur or prevent any expenditure and to authorise borrowing within any limits approved by Full Council, write off debts, issue instructions on any matter relating to budget preparation, budget monitoring or budget control, power to set and monitor accounting standards, power to specify the format of returns, to require any officer to furnish him or her with any information and to answer any question relevant to the financial management of the authority

(b) Chief Legal Officer:

To undertake the statutory role of and exercise the powers of the Monitoring Officer, including standards and probity. Power to institute, defend or settle any actual or contemplated legal or formal proceedings on behalf of the Council and to appear by counsel or in person or to authorise an officer to so appear in any proceedings and to verify a document by signing a Statement of Truth under the Civil Procedure Rules on behalf of the Council; power to sign contracts, deeds, orders, notices and all other documents, the qualified person for Section 36 Freedom of Information Act 2000 determinations.

(c) Director of Public Health

To undertake the statutory role of Director of Public Health. Principal adviser to officers and members on all public health matters. To write the annual report on the health of the local population, take steps to improve public health, plan for and respond to emergencies which present a risk to public health, to carry out such public health functions or health protection functions as the Secretary of State may delegate or specify in regulations, to co-operate with the police, probation service and prison service in accordance with the local authority's duties under Section 325 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003, to be responsible for the Council's public health response under the Licensing Act 2003, to authorise Patient Group Directions on behalf of the Local Authority.

2.7 The Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth and the Operational Director Property and Projects who areis responsible for management of the Council's municipal buildings portfolio and its property disposal programme; estates management and valuation; maintaining the Council's property (terrier) records; producing, updating and enforcing Corporate Property Standards; co-ordinating property management function across the Council; advice on property ;and delivering the annual Asset Management Plan haves the delegated powers as described below in paragraph 4 below.

3. Exemptions, Restrictions and Limitations on Powers Delegated to Officers

3.1 Chief Officers exercising delegated authority shall take all reasonable steps (including the taking of financial, legal and other similar advice) to ensure that no function is exercised or decision taken if, in their reasonable opinion:-

(a) **Policy**:

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would or would be likely to conflict with or result in a change or departure from any decision or policy agreed by the Council or the Cabinet, other than the determination of planning applications where the departure from the development plan is determined in accordance with section 54A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

(b) Constitution:

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would or would be likely to conflict with the Constitution or any part of it.

Advice: (c)

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would or would be likely to conflict with advice from the Chief Executive or the Chief Finance Officer or District Auditor.

Ultra Vires: (d)

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would or would be likely to result in unlawful or ultra vires activity or actions as advised by the Chief Legal Officer.

(e) **Overspends:**

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would or would be likely to result in spending of either a revenue or capital nature exceeding the approved revenue or capital budgets in either the current or any future year.

Decisions to be referred to the Cabinet or Council: (f)

It is a function which may under this Constitution be exercised by the Cabinet and the Cabinet or the Leader have requested that the matter be referred to them for decision; it is a Council function and the Full Council has agreed that the matter be referred to it or a committee or sub-committee for decision: or the relevant Director determines that the matter should be referred to the relevant part of the Cabinet or the Council for consideration.

Accountable body status and Partnership Arrangements: (g)

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would confer accountable body status on the Authority or would result in a Partnership Arrangement with another body unless the prior written approval of the Chief Finance Officer has been obtained or approval has been obtained from the Cabinet-.

Company or partnership: (h)

The exercise of that function would result in the setting up of a company or entering into a partnership arrangement with any other body.

(i) **Credit arrangement:**

The exercise of the function would or might involve borrowing or a hire arrangement or deferred payment scheme or lead to the creation of a credit arrangement unless the prior written approval of the Chief Finance Officer has been obtained.

Personal interests: (i)

The officer concerned has a personal or private interest in the matter.

(k) **Transfer or redundancy:**

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would or would be likely to result in transfers of staff to or from the Council of more than 20 people or redundancies of more than 20 people.

(l) Significant or unusual risk:

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would or would be likely to expose the Council to a significant or unusual level of risk, financial or otherwise, as determined by the Chief Executive, the Chief Finance Officer, the District Auditor or the Chief Legal Officer.

(m) Closure of a facility or reduction in services:

The exercise of that function or the making of that decision would result or would be likely to result in the permanent closure of a facility used by the public or a permanent and significant reduction in the level of services or facilities provided to the public other than where such closure or reduction in service is considered necessary by the relevant director for reasons of health and safety.

Call In: (n)

The matter is called in for scrutiny in accordance with Standing Orders prior to being implemented.

Charges and Fees: (o)

The decision relates to the setting, levying or increase of any fees or charges to any member of the public in respect of a Council service (other than room lettings and copying charges).

(p) Some other reason:

The Chief Executive considers that the matter should not for some reason be considered by officers.

3.2 In cases where an officer is prevented from exercising any function delegated to him or her by virtue of any of the above or where he or she or the Chief Executive decides that they cannot or should not exercise the function then that function shall be exercised by the person or body who would otherwise have responsibility for that function, or the General Purposes Committee if none other is specified (unless it is a matter which is reserved to Full Council).

4. Acquiring, managing and disposing of land and buildings

- 4.1 Only the Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, and the Operational Director, Property and Projects, may acquire or dispose of an interest in land or buildings. The restrictions placed upon such acquisitions or disposals are set out in paragraphs 4.2 and 4.3 below.
- 4.2 The Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, and the Operational Director Property and Projects may dispose of or acquire freehold land or buildings up to a value, in his or her view, of £250k. The Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, and the Operational Director, Property and Projects, may acquire or dispose of leases, licences, and easements in respect of land or buildings except where
 - i.the annual rental value (excluding other outgoings) exceeds 50k
 - ii.if acquired or disposed of at a premium the value would, in his or her view, exceed 250k in value or
 - iii.where the leasehold term exceeds 25 years
- 4.3 Where any disposal or acquisition of an interest land or buildings is, in the view of the Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, and the Operational Director, Property and Projects, of a value over 150k and below 250k, or where any leasehold interest has an annual value over 25k or below 50k he or she shall consult with the Lead Member.
- The Chief Finance Officer should be advised of any disposal or acquisition 4.4 undertaken by this delegated authority within three months of any transaction.
- 4.5 All Members of the Cabinet will receive a report at least yearly on all these delegated authority transactions.
- 4.6. The Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, and the Operational Director Property and Projects, may not sell or grant any lease or easement, licence or otherwise dispose of any land or buildings unless the consideration received, as confirmed by them Operational Director Property and Projects is the best that can reasonably be obtained, whether or not the grant, sale or disposal is covered by a general or specific consent from the relevant Secretary of State.
- Nothing in this paragraph 4 shall prevent the Strategic Director, Regeneration and 4.7 Growth, from granting, in accordance with the Council's policies and procedures, any secure tenancy of housing accommodation nor from selling the leasehold or freehold interest in any residential property pursuant to the right to buy scheme or the voluntary sales scheme as promoted by the Secretary of State from time to time.
- Nothing in this paragraph 4 shall prevent the Strategic Director, Regeneration and 4.8 Growth, and the Operational Director, Property and Projects, acquiring or disposing of freehold land or acquiring granting or disposing of leasehold land for any term of years or licences and easements in respect of land and buildings where:
 - there is an statutory entitlement to a freehold or leasehold interest arising (a) from a claim made in respect of residential land under the statutory enfranchisement provisions of the Leasehold Reform, Housing and Urban Development Act 1993 or Leasehold Reform Act 1967 as amended or reenacted or

- there is an statutory entitlement to a freehold or leasehold interest in accordance with the Academies Act 2010 as amended or re-enacted or other education legislation regulation order direction under education legislation or where the acquisition grant or disposal of a freehold or long leasehold term or easement is advised in accordance with a circular or guidance issued by the Secretary of State from time to time in respect of school land inclusive of the designation provision or conversion of a school into an academy or the provision of land for any school or
- (c) statutory undertakers, telecommunication undertakings or other utilities are providing installations or equipment or laying cables pipes or other service media to in and over or through land or buildings
- 4.9 In acquiring, selling or disposing of any land or buildings or granting any lease, licence or easement in respect thereof regard shall be had to any relevant Corporate Standards on property acquisitions, management and disposals.
- 4.10 No person shall create or grant a service tenancy or service occupancy without the prior written approval of the Chief Executive.
- 4.11 In any cases where officers do not have or may not exercise delegated powers in respect of land or buildings the matter shall be determined by the Cabinet (unless precluded by law or the Constitution from exercising that power in which case the matter will be determined by the General Purposes Committee where possible or the Full Council if not possible).
- 4.12 For the avoidance of doubt the rules in this paragraph 4 do not apply to the adoption of highways and footways if there is no legal transfer of title to land.

5. **Decisions by individual Members**

At the present time the Leader has not delegated authority to members to make any individual decisions.

6. Decisions to be taken only by Full Council

- Legislation provides that some Council functions/decisions can only be exercised 6.1 or made by the Full Council, that is all the members or a specified number or percentage of them meeting together.
- 6.2 Table 6 sets out a list of functions which may only by law be undertaken by Full Council.

TABLE 1 FUNCTIONS WHICH CANNOT BE EXERCISED BY THE CABINET

(1)	(2)	(3)
Function	Provision of Act or Statutory Instrument	Decision maker
A. Functions relating to town and country planning and development control		All of the functions listed under this section A will be exercised by the Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, and/or the Head of Planning or by a person nominated or authorised by the Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, except those functions which are the responsibility of the Planning Committee or which are required to be determined by Full Council
1. Power to determine application for planning permission.	Sections 70(1)(a) and (b) and 72 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
2. Power to determine applications to develop land without compliance with conditions previously attached.	Section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
3. Power to grant planning permission for development already carried out.	Section 73A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
4. Power to decline to determine application for planning permission.	Section 70A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	

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5. Duties relating to the making of determinations of planning applications.	Sections 69, 76 and 92 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and Articles 8, 10 to 13, 15 to 22 and 25 and 26 of the Town and Country Planning (General Development Procedure) Order 1995 (S.I. 1995/419) and directions made thereunder.	
6. Power to determine application for planning permission made by a local authority, alone or jointly with another person.	Section 316 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the Town and Country Planning General Regulations 1992 (S.I. 1992/1492).	
7. Power to make determinations, give approvals and agree certain other matters relating to the exercise of permitted development rights.	Parts 6, 7, 11, 17, 19, 20, 21 to 24, 26, 30 and 31 of Schedule 2 to the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (S.I. 1995/418).	
8. Power to enter into agreement regulating development or use of land.	Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
9. Power to issue a certificate of existing or proposed lawful use or development.	Sections 191(4) and 192(2) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
10. Power to serve a completion notice.	Section 94(2) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
11. Power to grant consent for the display of advertisements.	Section 220 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the Town and Country Planning (Control of Advertisements) Regulations 1992.	
12. Power to authorise entry onto land.	Section 196A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	

13. Power to require the discontinuance of a use of land.	Section 102 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
14. Power to serve a planning contravention notice, breach of condition notice or stop notice.	Sections 171C, 187A and 183(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
15. Power to issue an enforcement notice.	Section 172 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
16. Power to apply for an injunction restraining a breach of planning control.	Section 187B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
17. Power to determine applications for hazardous substances consent, and related powers.	Sections 9(1) and 10 of the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990.	
18. Duty to determine conditions to which old mining permissions, relevant planning permissions relating to dormant sites or active Phase I or II sites, or mineral permissions relating to mining sites, as the case may be, are to be subject.	Paragraph 2(6)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Planning and Compensation Act 1991, paragraph 9(6) of Schedule 13 to the Environment Act 1995 (c. 25) and paragraph 6(5) of Schedule 14 to that Act.	N/A
18A. Power to issue a temporary stop notice	Section 171 E of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990	
19. Power to require proper maintenance of land.	Section 215(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.	
20. Power to determine application for listed building consent, and related powers.	Sections 16(1) and (2), 17, and 33(1) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.	

21. Power to determine applications for conservation area consent.	Section 16(1) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990, as applied by section 74(3) of that Act.	
22. Duties relating to applications for listed building consent and conservation area consent.	Sections 13(1) and 14(1) and (4) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 and regulations 3 to 6 and 13 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Regulations 1990 (SI 1990/1519) and paragraphs 8, 15 and 22 of Department of the Environment, Transport and the Regions Circular 01/01.	
23. Power to serve a building preservation notice, and related powers.	Sections 3(1) and 4(1) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.	
24. Power to issue enforcement notice in relation to demolition of listed building in conservation area.	Section 38 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.	
25. Powers to acquire a listed building in need of repair and to serve a repairs notice.	Sections 47 and 48 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.	
26. Power to apply for an injunction in relation to a listed building.	Section 44A of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.	
27. Power to execute urgent works.	Section 54 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990.	

28. Any other planning related functions which		
are or become a function which cannot be exercised by the Executive.		
29. Such of the functions listed in 1-28 above as shall arise under the Old Oak and Park Royal Development Corporation (OPDC) Scheme of Delegation agreed by the Council on 2 March 2015.	Section 203 Localism Act 2011	
B. Licensing and registration functions (in so far as not covered by any other paragraph of this Schedule)		Except where specified all of the functions listed under this section B will be exercised by the Strategic Director. Regeneration and Growth, or a person nominated or authorised by him or her, except those functions which are the responsibility of the Alcohol and Entertainment Licensing Committee, the Alcohol and Entertainment Licensing Sub-Committees or the General Purposes Committee or are required to be determined by the Full Council
1. Power to issue licences authorising the use of land as a caravan site ("site licences").	Section 3(3) of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960.	
2. Power to license the use of moveable dwellings and camping sites.	Section 269(1) of the Public Health Act 1936.	

3. Power to license hackney carriages and private hire vehicles.	(a) as to hackney carriages, the Town Police Clauses Act 1847, as extended by section 171 of the Public Health Act 1875, and section 15 of the Transport Act 1985; and sections 47, 57, 58, 60 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976; (b) as to private hire vehicles, sections 48, 57, 58, 60 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.	N/A
4. Power to license drivers of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles.	Sections 51, 53, 54, 59, 61 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.	N/A
5. Power to license operators of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles.	Sections 55 to 58, 62 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.	N/A
6. Power to register pool promoters.	Schedule 2 to the Betting, Gaming and Lotteries Act 1963.	
7. Power to grant track betting licences.	Schedule 3 to the Betting, Gaming and Lotteries Act 1963.	
8. Power to license intertrack betting schemes.	Schedules 5ZA to the Betting, Gaming and Lotteries Act 1963.	
9. Power to grant permits in respect of premises with amusement machines.	Schedule 9 to the Gaming Act 1968.	
10. Power to register societies wishing to promote lotteries.	Schedule 1 to the Lotteries and Amusements Act 1976.	

11. Power to grant permits in respect of premises where amusements with prizes are provided.	Schedule 3 to the Lotteries and Amusements Act 1976.	
12. Power to issue cinema and cinema club licences.	Section 1 of the Cinema Act 1985.	
13. Power to issue theatre licences.	Sections 12 to 14 of the Theatres Act 1968.	
14. Power to issue entertainment licences.	Section 12 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 section 52 of, and Schedule 12 to, the London Government Act 1963, section 79 of the Licensing Act 1964, sections 1 to 5 and 7 of, and Parts I and II of the Schedule to, the Private Places of Entertainment (Licensing) Act 1967 and Part I of, and Schedules 1 and 2 to, the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982.	
14A. Any function of a licensing authority	Licensing Act 2003 and any regulations or orders made under that Act.	
14AZA Powers and functions relating to late night levy requirements	Chapter 2 of Part 2 of the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 and any regulations made under that Chapter.	
14AA Duty to comply with requirement to provide information to Gambling Commission.	Section 29 of the Gambling Act 2005	
14AB Functions relating to exchange of information.	Section 30 of the 2005 Act.	
14AC Functions relating to occasional use notices	Section 39 of the 2005 Act.	

14B Power to resolve not to issue a casino premises licence.	Section 166 of the 2005 Act.	Full Council in respect of the power to resolve not to issue a casino premises licence under section 166 of the Gambling Act 2005
14C Power to designate officer of a licensing authority as an authorised person for a purpose relating to premises.	Section 304 of the 2005 Act.	
14CA Power to make order disapplying section 279 or 282(1) of the 2005 Act in relation to specified premises.	Section 284 of the 2005 Act.	
14D Power to institute criminal proceedings	Section 284 of the 2005 Act.	
14E Power to exchange information.	Section 350 of the 2005 Act.	
14F Functions relating to the determination of fees for premises licences.	The Gambling (Premises Licence Fees) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007.	
14G Functions relating to the registration and regulation of small society lotteries.	Part 5 of Schedule 11 to the 2005 Act.	
15. Power to license sex shops and sex cinemas.	The Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982, section 2 and Schedule 3.	
16. Power to license performances of hypnotism.	The Hypnotism Act 1952.	
17. Power to license premises for acupuncture, tattooing, ear piercing and electrolysis.	Sections 13 to 17 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982.	
18. Power to license pleasure boats and pleasure vessels.	Section 94 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907.	

19. Power to register door staff.	Paragraphs 1(2) and 9 of Schedule 12 to the London Government Act 1963 and Part V of the London Local Authorities Act 1995.	
20. Power to license market and street trading.	Part III of, and Schedule 4 to, the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982, Part III of the London Local Authorities Act 1990 and section 6 of the London Local Authorities Act 1994).	
21. Power to license night cafes and take-away food shops.	Section 2 of the Late Night Refreshment Houses Act 1969, Part II of the London Local Authorities Act 1990 and section 5 of the London Local Authorities Act 1994.	
22. Duty to keep list of persons entitled to sell non-medicinal poisons.	Sections 3(1)(b)(ii), 5, 6 and 11 of the Poisons Act 1972.	
23. Power to license dealers in game and the killing and selling of game.	Sections 5, 6, 17, 18 and 21 to 23 of the Game Act 1831; sections 2 to 16 of the Game Licensing Act 1860, section 4 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act 1883, sections 12(3) and 27 of the Local Government Act 1874, and section 213 of the Local Government Act 1972.	
24. Power to register and license premises for the preparation of food.	Section 19 of the Food Safety Act 1990.	
25. Power to license scrap yards.	Scrap Metal Dealers Act 2013	

26. Power to issue, amend or replace safety certificates (whether general or special) for sports grounds.	The Safety of Sports Grounds Act 1975.	
27. Power to issue, cancel, amend or replace safety certificates for regulated stands at sports grounds.	Part III of the Fire Safety and Safety of Places of Sport Act 1987.	
28. Power to issue fire certificates.	Section 5 of the Fire Precautions Act 1971.	
29. Power to license premises for the breeding of dogs.	Section 1 of the Breeding of Dogs Act 1973 and section 1 of the Breeding and Sale of Dogs (Welfare) Act 1999.	
30. Power to license pet shops and other establishments where animals are bred or kept for the purposes of carrying on a business.	Section 1 of the Pet Animals Act 1951; section 1 of the Animal Boarding Establishments Act 1963; the Riding Establishments Acts 1964 and 1970; section 1 of the Breeding of Dogs Act 1973, and sections 1 and 8 of the Breeding and Sale of Dogs (Welfare) Act 1999.	
31. Power to register animal trainers and exhibitors.	Section 1 of the Performing Animals (Regulation) Act 1925.	
32. Power to license zoos.	Section 1 of the Zoo Licensing Act 1981.	
33. Power to license dangerous wild animals.	Section 1 of the Dangerous Wild Animals Act 1976.	
34. Power to license knackers' yards.	Section 4 of the Slaughterhouses Act 1974. See also the Animal By-Products Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/646).	

35. Power to license the employment of children.	Part II of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933, bylaws made under that Part, and Part II of the Children and Young Persons Act 1963.	Strategic Director Children and Young People
36. Power to approve premises for the solemnisation of marriages.	Section 46A of the Marriage Act 1949 and the Marriages (Approved Premises) Regulations 1995 (S. I. 1995/510).	Chief Operating Officer
37. Power to register common land or town or village greens, except where the power is exercisable solely for the purpose of giving effect to –	Regulation 6 of the Commons Registration (New Land) Regulations 1969 (S.I. 1969/1843).	
(a) an exchange of lands effected by an order under section 19(3) of, or paragraph 6(4) of Schedule 3 to, the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 (c. 67) or		
(b) an order under section 147 of the Inclosure Act 1845 (c. 8 & 9 Vict. c. 118).		
38. Power to register variation of rights of common.	Regulation 29 of the Commons Registration (General) Regulations 1966 (S.I. 1966/1471).	
39. Power to license persons to collect for charitable and other causes.	Section 5 of the Police, Factories etc. (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1916 and section 2 of the House to House Collections Act 1939.	
40. Power to grant consent for the operation of a loudspeaker.	Schedule 2 to the Noise and Statutory Nuisance Act 1993.	

41. Power to grant a street works licence.	Section 50 of the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991.	
42. Power to license agencies for the supply of nurses.	Section 2 of the Nurses Agencies Act 1957.	
43. Power to issue licences for the movement of pigs.	Article 12 of the Pigs (Records, Identification and Movement) Order 1995 (S.I. 1995/11).	
44. Power to license the sale of pigs.	Article 13 of the Pigs (Records, Identification and Movement) Order 1995.	
45. Power to license collecting centres for the movement of pigs.	Article 14 of the Pigs (Records, Identification and Movement) Order 1995.	
46. Power to issue a licence to move cattle from a market.	Article 5(2) of the Cattle Identification Regulations 1998 (S.I. 1998/871).	
46A. Power to grant permission for provision, etc of services, amenities, recreation and refreshment facilities on highway, and related powers.	Section 115E, 115F and 115K of the Highways Act 1980	Chief Operating Officer
47. Power to permit deposit of builder's skip on highway.	Section 139 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
47A. Duty to publish notice in respect of proposal to grant permission under section 115E of the Highways Act 1980	Section 115G of the Highways Act 1980(a)	Chief Operating Officer
48. Power to license planting, retention and maintenance of trees etc. in part of highway.	Section 142 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer

49. Power to authorise erection of stiles etc. on footpaths or bridleways.	Section 147 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
50. Power to license works in relation to buildings etc., which obstruct the highway.	Section 169 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
51. Power to consent to temporary deposits or excavations in streets.	Section 171 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
52. Power to dispense with obligation to erect hoarding or fence.	Section 172 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
53. Power to restrict the placing of rails, beams etc. over highways.	Section 178 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
54. Power to consent to construction of cellars etc. under street.	Section 179 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
55. Power to consent to the making of openings into cellars etc. under streets, and pavement lights and ventilators.	Section 180 of the Highways Act 1980.	Chief Operating Officer
56. Power to sanction use of parts of buildings for storage of celluloid.	Section 1 of the Celluloid and Cinematography Film Act 1922.	
57. Power to approve meat product premises.	Regulations 4 and 5 of the Meat Products (Hygiene) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/3082).	
58. Power to approve premises for the production of minced meat or meat preparations.	Regulation 4 of the Minced Meat and Meat Preparations (Hygiene) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/3205).	
59. Power to approve dairy establishments.	Regulations 6 and 7 of the Dairy Products (Hygiene) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/1086).	

60. Power to approve egg product establishments.	Regulation 5 of the Egg Products Regulations 1993 (S.I. 1993/1520).	
61. Power to issue licences to retail butchers' shops carrying out commercial operations in relation to unwrapped raw meat and selling or supplying both raw meat and ready-to-eat foods.	Schedule 1A to the Food Safety (General Food Hygiene) Regulations 1995 (S.I. 1995/1763).	
62. Power to approve fish products premises.	Regulation 24 of the Food Safety (Fishery Products and Live Shellfish) (Hygiene) Regulations 1998 (S.I. 1998/994).	
63. Power to approve dispatch or purification centres.	Regulation 11 of the Food Safety (Fishery Products and Live Shellfish) (Hygiene) Regulations 1998.	
64. Power to register fishing vessels on board which shrimps or molluscs are cooked.	Regulation 21 of the Food Safety (Fishery Products and Live Shellfish) (Hygiene) Regulations 1998.	N/A
65. Power to approve factory vessels and fishery product establishments.	Regulation 24 of the Food Safety (Fishery Products and Live Shellfish) (Hygiene) Regulations 1998.	N/A
66. Power to register auction and wholesale markets.	Regulation 26 of the Food Safety (Fishery Products and Live Shellfish) (Hygiene) Regulations 1998.	
67. Duty to keep register of food business premises.	Regulation 5 of the Food Premises (Registration) Regulations 1991 (S.I. 1991/2828).	
68. Power to register food business premises.	Regulation 9 of the Food Premises (Registration) Regulations 1991.	

69. Power to issue near beer licences.	Section 16 to 19 and 21 of the London Local Authorities Act 1995 and to the extent that it does not have effect by virtue of regulation 2(3), section 25 of that Act.	
70. Power to register premises or stalls for the sale of goods by way of competitive bidding.	Section 28 of the Greater London Council (General Powers) Act 1984.	
71. Power to register motor salvage operators	Part 1 of the Vehicles (Crime) Act 2001	
72. Functions relating to the registration of common land or village greens	Part 1 of the Commons Act 2006 and the Commons Registration (England) Regulations 2008.	
73. Any other licensing related functions which are or becomes a function which cannot be exercised by the Executive.		
C. Functions relating to health and safety at work		All of the functions listed under this section C will be exercised by the Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth, or by a person nominated or authorised by him or her

1. Functions under any of the "relevant statutory provisions" within the meaning of Part I (health, safety and welfare in connection with work, and control of dangerous substances) of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, to the extent that those functions are discharged otherwise than in the authority's capacity as an employer. 2. Any other health & safety related functions which by statutory instrument or order are or become functions which cannot be exercised by the Executive.	Part I of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974.	
D. Functions relating to elections		
Duty to appoint an electoral registration officer.	Section 8(2) of the Representation of the People Act 1983.	Full Council
2. Power to assign officers in relation to requisitions of the registration officer.	Section 52(4) of the Representation of the People Act 1983.	Chief Executive
3. Functions in relation to parishes and parish councils.	Part II of the Local Government and Rating Act 1997 and subordinate legislation under that Part.	N/A
4. Power to dissolve small parish councils.	Section 10 of the Local Government Act 1972.	N/A
particular particular and a second particular and a se	Government Act 1972.	
5. Power to make orders for grouping parishes, dissolving groups and separating parishes from groups.	Section 11 of the Local Government Act 1972.	N/A

7. Duty to provide assistance at European Parliamentary elections.	Section 6(7) and (8) of the European Parliamentary Elections Act 2002.	Chief Executive
8. Duty to divide constituency into polling districts.	Section 18A – E of, and Schedule A1 to the Representation of the People Act 1983.	Full Council
9. Power to divide electoral divisions into polling districts at local government elections.	Section 31 of the Representation of the People Act 1983.	Full Council
10. Powers in respect of holding of elections.	Section 39(4) of the Representation of the People Act 1983.	N/A
11. Power to pay expenses properly incurred by electoral registration officers.	Section 54 of the Representation of the People Act 1983.	Chief Executive
12. Power to fill vacancies in the event of insufficient nominations.	Section 21 of the Representation of the People Act 1985.	N/A
13. Duty to declare vacancy in office in certain cases.	Section 86 of the Local Government Act 1972.	Chief Executive
14. Duty to give public notice of a casual vacancy.	Section 87 of the Local Government Act 1972.	Chief Executive
15. Power to make temporary appointments to parish councils.	Section 91 of the Local Government Act 1972.	NA
16. Power to submit proposals to the Secretary of State for an order under section 10 (pilot schemes for local elections in England and Wales) of the Representation of the People Act 2000.	Section 10 of the Representation of the People Act 2000.	Full Council
17. Duty to consult on change of scheme for elections.	Sections 33(2), 38(2) and 40(2) of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007	Chief Executive

18. Duties relating to	Sections 35, 41 and 52	Chief Executive
publicity	of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007	Chief Excounte
19. Duties relating to notice to Electoral Commission	Sections 36 and 42 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007	Chief Executive
20. Power to alter years of ordinary elections of parish councillors	Section 53 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007	Full Council
21. Functions relating to change of name of electoral area	Section 59 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007	Full Council
22. Any other election related functions which by statutory instrument or order are or become functions which cannot be exercised by the Executive.		Full Council
E. Functions relating to name and status of areas and individuals		All of the functions listed in this section will be exercised by the Full Council
1. Power to change the name of a county, district or London borough.	Section 74 of the Local Government Act 1972.	
2. Power to change the name of a parish.	Section 75 of the Local Government Act 1972.	N/A
3. Power to confer title of honorary alderman or to admit to be an honorary freeman.	Section 249 of the Local Government Act 1972.	
4. Power to petition for a charter to confer borough status.	Section 245(b) of the Local Government Act 1972.	

5. Any other similar function in this category which by statutory instrument or order are or become functions which cannot be exercised by the Executive.		
EB. Functions relating to community governance		
1. Duties relating to community governance reviews.	Section 79 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Chief Executive
2. Functions relating to community governance petitions.	Sections 80, 83 to 85 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Chief Executive
3. Functions relating to terms of reference of review.	Sections 81(4) to (6) of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Full Council
4. Power to undertake a community governance review.	Section 82 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Full Council
5. Functions relating to making of recommendations.	Sections 87 to 92 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007	Full Council
6. Duties when undertaking review.	Section 93 to 95 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Chief Executive in relation to section 93
7. Duty to publicise outcome of review.	Section 96 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Chief Executive
8. Duty to send two copies of order to Secretary of State and Electoral Commission.	Section 98(1) of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Chief Executive

9.Making an order giving effect to the recommendations made in a governance review	Section 86 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.	Full Council
10. Any other similar function which by statutory instrument or order are or become functions which cannot be exercise by the Executive.		Full Council
F. Power to make, amend, revoke, re-enact or enforce bylaws	Any provision of any enactment (including a local Act), whenever passed, and section 14 of the Interpretation Act 1978	Full Council (other than enforcement which will be exercised by the Chief Operating Officer or by a person nominated or authorised by him or her).
FA. Functions relating to smoke-free premises, etc		Strategic Director, Regeneration and Growth
1. Duty to enforce Chapter 1 and regulations made under it.	Section 10(3) of the Health Act 2006.	
2. Power to authorise officers.	Section 10(5) of, and paragraph 1 of Schedule 2, the Health Act 2006.	
3. Functions relating to fixed penalty notices	Paragraphs 13, 15 and 16 of Schedule 1 to the Health Act 2006. Smoke-free (Vehicle Operators and Penalty Notices) Regulations 2007 (SI 2006/760).	
4. Power to transfer enforcement functions to another enforcement authority.	Smoke-free (Premises and Enforcement) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/3368)	
G. Power to promote or oppose local or personal Bills	Section 239 of the Local Government Act 1972	Full Council

H. Functions relating to pensions etc.		All of the functions listed in this section will be exercised by the Chief Finance Officer except those functions which fall within the terms of reference of the General Purposes Committee or the Pension Fund Sub-Committee and the determination of "stage 2" applications under Regulations 102 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997 on behalf of the Council as Administering Authority and as employer in the case of discretionary matters covered by the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) Regulations 2000 and earlier equivalent Regulations. These functions shall be exercised by the Director Human Resources and Administration. In the absence of the Director Human Resources and Administration, or in the event a conflict arises, these functions shall be exercised by the Chief Finance Officer
Functions relating to local government pensions, etc.	Regulations under section 7, 12 or 24 of the Superannuation Act 1972.	
2. Functions under the Fireman's Pension Scheme relating to pensions, etc. as respects persons employed by fire and rescue authorities pursuant to section 1 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004.	Section 34 and 36 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004.	N/A

3. Any other pension related functions which by statutory instrument or order are or become functions which cannot be exercised by the Executive.		
I. Miscellaneous functions		
Part I: Functions relating to public rights of way		All of the functions listed under Part 1 of this section will be exercised by the Chief Operating Officer or by a person nominated or authorised by him or her unless within the terms of reference of a Council committee or subcommittee or unless otherwise specified
1. Power to create footpath, bridleway or restricted byway by agreement.	Section 25 of the Highways Act 1980.	General Purposes Committee
2. Power to create footpaths, bridleways and restricted byways.	Section 26 of the Highways Act 1980.	General Purposes Committee
3. Duty to keep register of information with respect to maps, statements and declarations.	Section 31A of the Highways Act 1980.	
4. Power to stop up footpaths, bridleways and restricted byways.	Section 118 of the Highways Act 1980.	General Purposes Committee
5. Power to determine application for public path extinguishment order.	Sections 118ZA and 118C(2) of the Highways Act 1980.	General Purposes Committee
6. Power to make a rail crossing extinguishment order.	Section 118A of the Highways Act 1980.	General Purposes Committee
7. Power to make a special extinguishment order.	Section 118B of the Highways Act 1980.	General Purposes Committee

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8. Power to divert footpaths, bridleways and restricted byways.	Section 119 of the Highways Act 1980.	
9. Power to make a public path diversion order.	Sections 119ZA and 119C(4) of the Highways Act 1980.	
10 . Power to make a rail crossing diversion order.	Section 119A of the Highways Act 1980.	
11. Power to make a special diversion order.	Section 119B of the Highways Act 1980.	
12. Power to require an applicant for a special diversion order to enter into an agreement.	Section 119C(3) of the Highways Act 1980.	
13. Power to make an SSSI diversion order.	Section 119D of the Highways Act 1980.	
14. Duty to keep register with respect to applications under sections 118ZA, 118C, 119ZA and 119C of the Highways Act 1980.	Section 121B of the Highways Act 1980.	
15. Power to decline to determine certain applications.	Section 121C of the Highways Act 1980.	
16. Duty to assert and protect the rights of the public to use and enjoyment of highways.	Section 130 of the Highways Act 1980.	
17. Duty to serve notice of proposed action in relation to obstruction.	Section 130A of the Highways Act 1980.	
18. Power to apply for variation of order under section 130B of the Highways Act 1980.	Section 130B(7) of the Highways Act 1980.	
19. Power to authorise temporary disturbance of surface of footpath, bridleway or restricted byway.	Section 135 of the Highways Act 1980.	

20. Power temporarily to divert footpath, bridleway or restricted byway.	Section 135A of the Highways Act 1980.	
21. Functions relating to the making good of damage and the removal of obstructions.	Section 135B of the Highways Act 1980.	
22. Powers relating to the removal of things so deposited on highways as to be a nuisance.	Section 149 of the Highways Act 1980.	
23. Power to extinguish certain public rights of way.	Section 32 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981.	General Purposes Committee
24. Duty to keep definitive map and statement under review.	Section 53 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (c. 69).	
25. Power to include modifications in other orders.	Section 53A of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.	
26. Duty to keep register of prescribed information with respect to applications under section 53(5) of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.	Section 53B of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.	
27. Power to prepare map and statement by way of consolidation of definitive map and statement.	Section 57A of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.	
28. Power to designate footpath as cycle track.	Section 3 of the Cycle Tracks Act 1984.	
29. Power to extinguish public right of way over land acquired for clearance.	Section 294 of the Housing Act 1981.	General Purposes Committee
30A. Power to authorise stopping up or diversion of highway	Section 247 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990(c. 8)	General Purposes Committee

31. Power to authorise stopping-up or diversion of footpath, bridleway or restricted byway. Section 257 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. General Purposes Committee (in relation to stopping up only) 32. Power to extinguish public rights of way over land held for planning purposes. Section 258 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. General Purposes Committee (in relation to stopping up only) 33. Power to enter into agreements with respect to means of access. Section 35 of the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000. 34. Power to provide access in absence of agreement. Section 37 of the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000. 35. Functions relating to sea fisheries. Section 106 of, and paragraph 42 of Schedule 12 to, the Local Government Act 1972. Full Council 37. Power to appoint staff and to determine the terms and conditions on which they hold office (including procedures for their dismissal). Section 112 of the Local Government Act 1972. The relevant Service Area or Corporate Director may appoint staff on such terms and conditions agreed by the General Purposes Committee save that, in the case of posts covered by the Standing Orders Relating to Staff, the terms and conditions shall be determined by the General Purposes Committee and the appointment made by the Senior Staff Appointment sub-Committee. 38. Power to make standing orders as to contracts. Section 135 of the Local Government Act 1972. Full Council			
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	standing orders as to		Full Council

39. Duty to make arrangements for proper administration of financial affairs etc.	Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972.	Chief Finance Officer
40. Power to appoint an officer for a particular purpose (appointment of "proper officer").	Section 270(3) of the Local Government Act 1972.	The Chief Executive or the relevant Chief Officer in whose area of responsibility the matter relates.
41. Power to make limestone pavement order.	Section 34(2) of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.	N/A
42. Power to make closing order with respect to take-away food shops.	Section 4 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982.	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
43. Duty to designate officer as the head of the authority's paid service, and to provide staff, etc.	Section 4(1) of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989.	Full Council
44. Duty to designate officer as the monitoring officer, and to provide staff, etc.	Section 5(1) of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989.	Full Council
44A. Duty to provide staff, etc to person nominated by the Monitoring Officer.	Section 82A(4) and (5) of the Local Government Act 2000	Full Council
44B. Powers relating to overview and scrutiny committees (voting rights of co-opted members).	Paragraphs 12 and 14 of Schedule 1 to the Local Government Act 2000	Full Council
45. Duty to approve authority's statement of accounts, income and expenditure and balance sheet, or record of payments and receipts (as the case may be).	The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003 (S.I. 2003/533).	General Purposes Committee
46. Powers relating to the protection of important hedgerows.	The Hedgerows Regulations 1997 (S.I. 1997/1160).	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth

47. Powers relating to the preservation of trees.	Sections 197 to 214D of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, and the Trees Regulations 1999 (S.I. 1999/1892).	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
47A. Powers relating to complaints about high hedges.	Part 8 of the Anti-Social Behaviour Act 2003.	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
48. Power to make payments or provide other benefits in cases of maladministration etc.	Section 92 of the Local Government Act 2000.	The relevant director within whose area of responsibility the maladministration arose.
49. Power to make an order identifying a place as a designated public place for the purposes of police powers in relation to alcohol consumption	Section 13(2) of the Criminal Justice and Police Act 2001	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
50. Power to make or revoke an order designating a locality as an alcohol disorder zone	Section 16 of the Violent Crime reduction Act 2006	Full Council
51. Power to apply for an enforcement order against unlawful works on common land.	Section 41 of the Commons Act 2006	Chief Legal Officer
52. Power to protect unclaimed registered common land and unclaimed town or village greens against unlawful interference.	Section 45(2)(a) of the Commons Act 2006	Chief Operating Officer
53. Power to institute proceedings for offences in respect of unclaimed registered common land and unclaimed town or village greens.	Section 45(2)(b) of the Commons Act 2006	Chief Legal Officer
J. Other functions which are not to be the		
responsibility of the Executive		

2. Establishing committees under section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972.	Full Council
3 . Except where specified any function which by virtue of any enactment passed or made before 19th October 2000 may be discharged only by an Authority.	Full Council unless otherwise specified elsewhere in the Constitution.

TABLE 2

FUNCTIONS WHERE THE COUNCIL HAS A CHOICE AS TO WHETHER THEY ARE COUNCIL OR CABINET FUNCTIONS AND THE PERSON OR BODY TO WHOM, IF ANY, THE FUNCTION HAS BEEN DELEGATED BY THE COUNCIL OR THE LEADER

(INTHE CASE OF CABINET FUNCTIONS)

(1) Function	(2) Cabinet or Council Function	(3)Delegated to
1. Any function under a local Act other than a function specified or referred to in regulation 2 or Schedule 1.	If the function is a function, which is of a similar type, class or nature to the other functions of the Cabinet, the function will be an Cabinet function. Otherwise the function will be exercised by the Council.	The officer responsible for those types of functions, as set out in Parts 4 or 5 of the Constitution or if none then, in the case of a Council function, the committee or subcommittee responsible for those types of functions.
2. The determination of an appeal against any decision made by or on behalf of the authority.	Council	The relevant Chief Officer within whose Service Area or Corporate Unit the subject matter of the appeal falls or if the matter may not be determined by officers the General Purpose Committee if the matter falls within its terms of reference.
3. The making of arrangements in relation to appeals against the exclusion of pupils from maintained schools	Cabinet	Strategic Director Children and Young People
4. The making of arrangements pursuant to section 94(1), (1A) and (4) of the 1998 Act (admissions appeals)	Cabinet	Strategic Director Children and Young People
5. The making of arrangements pursuant to section 95(2) of the 1998 Act (children to whom section 87 applies: appeals by governing bodies)	Cabinet	Strategic Director Children and Young People

6. Any function relating to contaminated land.	Cabinet	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
7. The discharge of any function relating to the control of pollution or the management of air quality.	Cabinet	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
8. The service of abatement notice in respect of a statutory nuisance.	Cabinet	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
9. The passing of a resolution that Schedule 2 to the Noise and Statutory Nuisance Act 1993 should apply in the authority's area.	Full Council	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
10. The inspection of the authority's area to detect any statutory nuisance.	Cabinet	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
11. The investigation of any complaint as to the existence of a statutory nuisance.	Cabinet	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
12. The obtaining of information under section 330 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as to interests in land.	The Council if the information is required for the purposes of a Council function and the Cabinet if for the purposes of a Cabinet function.	The relevant director who has responsibility for the function in question.
13. The obtaining of particulars of persons interested in land under section 16 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.	The Council if the particulars are required for the purposes of a Council function and the Cabinet if for the purposes of a Cabinet function.	The relevant director who has responsibility for the function in question.
14. The making of agreements for the execution of highways works.	Cabinet, unless the need for the highways agreement has arisen from a planning decision in which case the responsibility shall be with the Council.	Chief Operating Officer or Planning Committee if it falls within the committee's terms of reference.
15. The appointment of any individual –	The Council	In the case of a member of staff, the relevant director in

(a) to any office other than an office in which he or she is employed by the authority; (b) to any body other than - (i) the authority; (ii) a joint committee of two or more authorities; or (c) to any committee or sub-committee of such a body and the revocation of any such appointment.		whose department or service area the member of staff is employed. In the case of the Councillor appointments they shall be made by Full Council as soon as possible after the Annual Meeting of the Council and then again by the Full Council or the General Purposes Committee if a vacancy arises during that municipal year.
16. The making of arrangements with other local authorities for the placing of staff at the disposal of those other authorities.	If the arrangement is in connection with a function of the Cabinet then the Cabinet shall make the arrangement. If the arrangement is in connection with a function which is the responsibility of the Council then the Council shall make the arrangement.	In either case the relevant director within whose area of responsibility the function lies.
17. Functions under sections 106, 110, 111 and 113 of the 2007 Act relating to Local Area Agreements	Cabinet	

TABLE 3

FUNCTIONS NOT TO BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CABINET

1. The Cabinet is responsible for formulating or preparing the plans listed in the Table below and then submitting them to the Full Council for consideration and adoption or approval. Note that the plans and strategies in this table constitute the Policy Framework.

Plans and Strategies	Reference	Mandatory (M) or Discretionary (D) Plan
Annual Library plan	Section 1(2) of the Public Libraries and Museums Act 1964	М
Best Value Performance Plan	Section 1 of the Local Government Act 1999	М
Children and Young People's Plan	Children and Young People's Plan (England) (Regulations) 2005	M
Sustainable Community Strategy	Section 4 of the Local Government Act 2000	М
Crime and Disorder Reduction Strategy	Section 5 and 6 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998	М
Development Plan Documents	Section 15 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004	M
Youth Justice Plan	Section 40 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998	М
Local Transport Plan (but only if the Council becomes a Passenger Transport Authority)	Section 108(3) of the Transport Act 2000	M
A plan or strategy for the control of the authority's borrowing investments or capital expenditure or for determining the authority's minimum revenue provisions		M
Statement of Licensing Policy	Section 5 of the Licensing Act 2003	М
Licensing Authority Policy Statement	Section 349 of the Gambling Act 2005	M
The strategy and plan which comprise the housing investment		D

programme	
Local Agenda 21 Strategy	D
Adult Learning Plan	D
Quality Protects Management Action Plan	D
Corporate Strategy	D
Any other plan or strategy (whether statutory or non statutory) which the authority determines should be approved or adopted by the authority and not the Cabinet.	D

- 2. The Cabinet or a member of the Cabinet may not in relation to those plans or strategies listed above do the following:-
 - (a) give an instruction requiring the Cabinet to reconsider any draft plan or strategy submitted by the Cabinet for consideration by the Council;
 - (b) amend any draft plan or strategy submitted by the Cabinet for consideration by the Cabinet;
 - (c) approve for the purpose of its submission to the Secretary of State for independent examination, a development plan document;
 - (d) approve, for the purposes of its submission to the Secretary of State or any Minister of the Crown for his or her approval, any such plan or strategy required to be so submitted for approval; nor
 - (e) adopt with or without modification the plan or strategy.
- 3. Cabinet may amend, modify, revise, vary, withdraw or revoke any such plan or strategy only where such amendment, modification, revision, variation, withdrawal or revocation is:-
 - (a) required for giving effect to any requirements of the Secretary of State or a Minister of the Crown in relation to any such plan or part thereof submitted to him or her for approval; or
 - (b) in the case of development plan documents recommended by the person carrying out an independent examination of any such document; or
- 4. The Cabinet may make an application:-
 - (a) under subsection (5) of section 135 (programmes for disposals) of the Leasehold Reform, Housing and Urban Development Act 1993 for the inclusion of a disposal in a disposal programme;

(b) for consent to that disposal under section 32 (power to dispose of land held for the purposes of Part II) or section 43 (consent required for certain disposals not within section 32) of the Housing Act 1985;

PROVIDED that the Council has authorised the making of such an application.

- 5. The following shall, subject to paragraph 6 below, be the responsibility of the Council; to make any calculation required to be made in accordance with sections 32 to 37, 43 to 49, 52I, 52J, 52T and 52U of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 whether originally or by way of substitute.
- 6. In relation to those functions listed in the paragraph above the Cabinet may:-
 - (a) prepare estimates of the amounts to be aggregated in making the calculation or of other amounts to be used for the purposes of the calculation and estimates of the calculation for submission to the appropriate part of the Council for consideration:
 - (b) prepare the amounts required to be stated in the precept for submission to the appropriate part of the Council for consideration;
 - (c) reconsider those estimates and amounts in accordance with the Council's requirements; and
 - (d) submit for the consideration by the appropriate part of the Council the revised estimates and amounts.
- 7. The discharge of functions under Sections 28 to 31 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (joint local development documents and joint committees) shall, subject to paragraph 8 below, be the responsibility of the Cabinet.
- 8. In relation to the functions listed in paragraph 7 above the Cabinet may not:-
 - (a) make an agreement to prepare one or more joint development plan documents:
 - (b) make an agreement to establish a joint committee to be, for the purposes of Part 2 (local development) of the 2004 Act, the local planning authority;
 - (c) where the authority is a constituent authority to a joint committee, make an agreement that the joint committee is to be, for the purposes of Part 2 of the 2004 Act, the local planning authority for any area or matter which is not the subject of an order under section 29 of the 2004 Act or an earlier agreement under section 30 of the 2004 Act; or
 - (d) make a request to the Secretary of State for the revocation of an order constituting a joint committee as the local planning authority for any area or in respect of any matter.
- 9. Where a function which is subject to an Order made under section 70 of the Deregulation and Contracting Out Act 1994 is the responsibility of the Cabinet then the Cabinet may authorise another person to exercise that function and may revoke any such authorisation.

10.	Where a function which is subject to an Order made under section 70 of the Deregulation and Contracting Out Act 1994 is <u>not</u> the responsibility of the Cabinet then the Cabinet <u>may not</u> authorise another person to exercise that function and nor may it revoke any such authorisation.

TABLE 4A

THE MEMBERSHIP AND TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE HIGHWAYS COMMITTEE OF THE CABINET

Membership

The committee comprises 5 members of the Cabinet appointed by the Leader.-

Chair and Vice Chair

To be appointed by the Leader.

Quorum

3 Cabinet members.

Terms of Reference

The Leader has agreed to delegate the following executive functions to the committee: -

- 1. Scheme approval for traffic management and related matters associated with the public highway, and off-street car parks. Traffic management includes traffic calming, signals, pedestrian crossings, bus lanes, cycle routes, stopping up orders, controlled parking zones, waiting restrictions and charges for parking and penalty charges.
- 2. Reviewing performance of the implementation of schemes and of parking enforcement.
- 3. Any other matter relating to traffic management which the Operational Director, Community Services considers should be referred to the Committee for a decision.

The Leader has not delegated to the Highways Committee the strategic and high level highways and transportation matters which includes decisions relating to more than four wards, matters involving expenditure over £500k, or matters which have a significant effect on income, strategies or polices in respect of highways and transportation. These will be considered by the Cabinet.

TABLE 4B

THE MEMBERSHIP AND TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE BARHAM PARK TRUST COMMITTEE OF THE CABINET

Membership

The committee comprises 5 members of the Cabinet appointed by the Cabinet-.

Chair and Vice Chair

To be appointed by the Barham Park Trust Committee

Quorum

3 Cabinet members

Terms of Reference

The Cabinet has agreed to delegate the following executive functions to the committee:-

- (1) the trustee functions in relation to Barham Park Trust including decisions to dispose of land, vary or cease the charitable purpose, or change the trustee, except those functions it has delegated to officers
- (2) an annual review of how the trust is carrying out its charitable purposes and a review of the Trust's finances
- (3) any other matter which the Operational Director Community Services considers ought to be referred to the committee for a decision

The Committee shall meet not less than once per year.

TABLE 5

PROPER AND STATUTORY OFFICER PROVISIONS

The following definitions are used in this Table:-

LGA 1972 Local Government Act 1972

LG(MP)A 1976 Local Government (Miscellaneous

Provisions) Act 1976

RPA 1983 Representation of the People Act 1983 =

LGFA 1988 Local Government Finance Act 1988

LGHA 1989 Local Government and Housing Act 1989

LGA 2000 Local Government Act 2000

FOIA 2000 Freedom of Information Act 2000

Local Authority Social Services and National Health Service LASSNHSCR 2009 Complaints (England) Regulations 2009

The following officers and their deputies or person nominated by them for the purpose shall be the proper officer for the purpose specified:-

(1) statutory provision	(2) Function	(3) Proper Officer
Section 83 LGA 1972	Witness and receipt of declarations of acceptance of office of Mayor, Deputy Mayor and Councillors.	Chief Executive
Section 84 LGA 1972	Receipt of notice of resignation of office of Mayor, Deputy Mayor and Councillors.	Chief Executive
Section 88 LGA 1972	Convening of meeting for the election of Mayor in the event of a casual vacancy.	Head of Executive and Members Services
Section 89 LGA 1972	Receipt of notice of casual vacancies in the council membership.	Head of Executive and Members Services
Section 100 LGA 1972	All references to proper officer in connection with the access to information	Head of Executive and Members Services

^{*}Chief Officers also have power delegated to them in the table found at paragraph 2.5 of this Part 4 to designate proper officers falling within their area of responsibility.

	provisions of the Local Government Act.	
Section 115 LGA 1972	Receipt of monies from accountable officers.	Chief Finance Officer
Section 146 LGA 1972	Certificates as to securities on alteration to local authority area or name.	Chief Legal Officer
Section 151 LGA 1972	Officer with responsibility for the council's financial affairs.	Chief Finance Officer
Section 225 LGA 1972	Deposit of any documents pursuant to any enactment, instrument or parliamentary standing orders.	Head of Executive and Members Services
Section 229 LGA 1972	Certification of any photographic copy of a document in the custody of the council or of any document destroyed while in which custody, or any part of any such document.	Chief Legal Officer
Section 233 LGA 1972	Receive documents required to be served on the Council.	The Chief Executive or the Chief Legal Officer
Section 234(1) LGA 1972	Signature or authentication of any notice or other document which the local authority is authorised or required to give or make or issue.	All officers specified in paragraph 2.4 of this Part 4.
Section 238 LGA 1972	Certification of printed copies of by-laws.	Chief Legal Officer
Section 41 LG(MP)A 1976	Certification of Minutes, Resolutions, Orders and Reports of the council.	Head of Executive and Members Services
Section 35 RPA 1983	The Returning Officer at an election of Councillors of the borough.	Chief Executive
Section 8 RPA 1983	The Electoral Registration Officer of any constituency (or part thereof) in the borough.	Chief Executive

Section 72 Weights and Measures Act 1985	Functions of Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures.	Head of Regulatory Services
Section 114 LGFA 1988	Report to Council concerning unlawful expenditure.	Chief Finance Officer
Section 2 LGHA 1989	Deposit of list of "politically restricted posts" under LGHA 1989.	Director Human Resources and Administration
Section 4 LGHA 1989	Head of paid service.	Chief Executive
Section 5 LGHA 1989	Monitoring officer.	Chief Legal Officer
Regulation 23 Non- Domestic (Collection and Enforcement) (Local Lists) Regulations 1989	Certification of the Local Non-Domestic List.	Chief Finance Officer
Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003	The responsible financial officer.	Chief Finance Officer
Births deaths and marriages	Any reference to the proper officer in any enactment relating to registration of births, death or marriages.	Chief Operating Officer
LGA 1972, Schedule 12, Part 1, Paragraph 4(2)(b)	Signature of summonses to Council meetings and receipt of notices of addresses to which summonses to meetings to be sent.	Chief Executive
Local Government (Committees and Political groups) Regulations 1990	Receipt of notification from members.	Head of Executive and Members Services
Localism Act 2011 Section 29	Establishment and maintenance of the register of interests of members including voting co-opted members.	Chief Legal Officer as Monitoring Officer
Local Authorities (Standing Orders) Regulations 2000	Notices under regulations 5 and 6 regarding proposed appointments of staff.	Director Human Resources and Administration
Local Authorities (Referendums) (Petitions and Directions)	Functions relating to verification and publicity of	Chief Executive

Regulations	petitions.	
Local Authorities (Executive Arrangements) (Meetings and Access to Information) (England) Regulations 2012	All references to the proper officer.	Head of Executive and Members Services unless otherwise specified in the Regulations or the Constitution.
Local Authorities (Conduct of Referendums) (England) Regulations 2001	All references to the proper officer.	Chief Executive
Public Health (Control of Diseases) Act 1984 and the Public Health (Infectious Diseases) Regulations 1988	All references to the proper officer	Strategic Director Regeneration and Growth
Section 36 FOIA 2000	Qualified person for decision on exempt information not to be disclosed	Chief Legal Officer
Regulation 4 LASSNHSCR 2009	All references to the responsible person	Strategic Director Adults
Local Government Act 2000 Section 9FB	To provide and support to overview and scrutiny committees	Chief Operating Officer
National Health Service Act 2006 S73A	Director of Public Health	Director of Public Health
Generally *	Any other proper officer function not otherwise designated.	Chief Executive

TABLE 6

LIST OF FUNCTIONS THAT MAY ONLY BE EXERCISED BY FULL COUNCIL

(Items in italics and marked with an asterisk are not reserved to the Full Council under the law but are only exercisable by the Full Council under this Constitution)

1	The levying or issuing of a precept for a rate and the setting of council tax and limits for borrowing money.	Local Government Finance Act 1988. Local Government Finance Act 1992. Section 3 Local Government Act 2003.
2	The establishment and abolition of Committees, and Joint Committees (with other local authorities) and the appointment, replacement and removal of members of them other than in cases where the Executive is entitled to make appointments to joint committees and the appointment, replacement and removal of the Chairs, and Vice Chairs of them.*	Local Government Act 1972. Local Authorities (Arrangements for the Discharge of Functions) (England) Regulations 2000.
3.	Resolution to operate executive arrangements.	Section 9KC of the Local Government Act 2000.
4.	Authorisation of applications to Secretary of State for approval of housing land transfers.	Leasehold Reform and Urban Development Act 1993. Sections 32 and 43 of the Housing Act 1985.
5.	Approving the work programme of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees*.	
6	Subject to the urgency procedure in the Standing Orders of this Constitution to make decisions about any function of the Cabinet where the decision maker is minded to make a decision which would be contrary to the policy framework or not wholly in accordance with the budget.	The Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 as amended.
7	Adopting or amending a members' allowances scheme.	Section 18 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989.
		Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 as amended.

8	Electing and dismissing the Leader	Sections 9I and 9IA of the Local Government Act 2000.
9	Adoption of the Members' Code of Conduct .	Section 27 of the Localism Act 201100
10	Approval of the appointment or dismissal of the Head of Paid Service Chief Executiveand the dismissal of the Head of Paid Service, Monitoring Officer and Chief Finance Officer.	The Local Authorities (Standing Orders) (England) Regulations 2001 as amended.
11	Adoption of the Policy Framework and the Budget.	The Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 as amended.
12	Changing the name of the borough.	Section 74 of the Local Government Act 1972.
13	Appointment of the Mayor.	Schedule 4 to the Local Government Act 1972.
14	Power to confer title of honorary alderman or to admit to be an honorary freeman.	Section 249 of the Local Government Act 1972.
15	The making, altering or revoking of standing orders except as provided for in Article 1 of this Constitution.	Sections 29, 106 and Schedule 12 of the Local Government Act 1972. Sections 8 and 20 Local Government and Housing Act 1989.
16	Power to make, amend, revoke or re-enact byelaws.	Any provision of any enactment (including a local Act), whenever passed, and section 14 of the Interpretation Act 1978.
17	Power to promote or oppose local or personal Bills.	Section 239 of the Local Government Act 1972.
18	The making of an agreement to establish a joint planning committee or to prepare a joint development plan document or to request the Secretary of State to revoke an order establishing such a joint committee.	Sections 28 to 31 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 The Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 as amended.
<u>19</u>	Duty to determine and publish, in respect of its licensing functions, a statement of that policy.	Section 5 of the Licensing Act 2003

20 19	Power to resolve not to issue a casino premises licence and duty to determine and publish the 3 year licensing policy statement	Sections 166 and 349 of the Gambling Act 2005
2 <u>1</u> 0	Any other matter that by law is reserved for consideration, approval or resolution by the Council.	